

Reading and correcting the thesis of Nizam al-Din Ahmad Gilani about the properties of some plants

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Abstract:

Iran and India have long lasting relationships with each other have. Scientific and cultural relations covers a large part of this relationship. The emergence of a culture of love and Iranian governments have been a factor in her Indian scientists and scholars from Iran to India, where they operate turned. Qutb Shahi rule of the rulers, which was established in south India and Iran are very successful in attracting scholars. The rule Shi'ism spread not only marked the heyday of the history and culture of southern India, but many scientists have called on Iran to himself. One of the scholars who came to the court of Qutb Shahi has left most of his works, the system is al-Gailani. Gilani lot of research still remains to be done on all of them. In this paper we study one of her letters and corrections as possible. Version of the study, selected from the collection of the Documentation Center of Tehran University Central Library is maintained. This collection of 13 essays that number, 3223, marked the nastaligh Hello, and has written a 104 page. Examined, the sixth article of this series is that the properties of some herbs such as chamomile and fennel Hlylh and Persian language is written. This paper pages 68-63 of this collection includes.

Keywords: Nizam al-Din Ahmad Gilani, properties of plants, Traditional Medicine, Qutb Shahy.

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